

Future of the layers

Dr. David Cavero Pintado

H&N Cage-Free Academy – Cuxhaven 1 April 2025



Evolution of the laying breeding sector

Continuous Progress



Pure lines – Breeding farms







- and

Breeding Farms



Single Cages Group Cages Cage-Free Image: Single Cages Image: Single Cage Image: Single Cage Image: Single Cages Image: Single Cage Image: Single Cage Image: Single Cages Image: Single Cage Image: Single Cage Image: Single Cages Image: Single Cage Image: Single Cage Image: Single Cages Image: Single Cage Image: Single Cage Image: Single Cages Image: Single Cage Image: Single Cage Image: Single Cages Image: Single Cage Image: Single Cage Image: Single Cages Image: Single Cage Image: Single Cage Image: Single Cages Image: Single Cage Image: Single Cage Image: Single Cages Image: Single Cage Image: Single Cage Image: Single Cages Image: Single Cage Image: Single Cage Image: Single Cages Image: Single Cage Image: Single Cage Image: Single Cages Image: Single Cage Image

Data Recording

Field Testing – Commercial Farms

Group Cages

Free Range











Structure of the Laying Breeding



Balanced Selection









Daily egg number





Only saleable eggs!



Laying Performance - Persistency



Clutch length





Eggshell Strength

Eggs breaks at the right time!





Selecting for a better eggshell:

- ✓ Reduce waste
- Decrease contamination risk
 Extend flock production life



Breaking Strength



2015 2016 2017 2018

2019 2020



Egg Weight



Influencing Factors:

- Light stimulation, Body Weight, Feed
- \succ Genetic h² ~ 0.6



Goals:

- Max. N. eggs in desired class.
- Fast EW increase at the beginning.
- Flat EW curve after 60 weeks





Brown Chick – flexible in egg weight You decide with Management and Nutrition – Our birds adapt

470 Eggs x 64 g

460 Eggs x 66 g

Egg Mass 30,08 kg Egg Mass 30,36 kg



Rearing: An investment for the future

Not only Costs! - BW & Uniformity: The key for success!

Good Immune System



Feed Intake Capacity

IN ALTERNATIVE SYSTEMS: Birds eat and drink at different levels Good bird activity throughout the system



Improve Bone Stability





Palpation

X-Ray Analysis (Tibiotarsus)

Bone Quality

Post-mortem Bone Quality



✓ Keel bone is hard to measure and h²=0.03
 ✓ No neg. correlation with persistency (r_g=+0.25)
 ✓ No link to BS (r_g=±0.1)

✓ Neg. correlation with early maturity (r_g =-0.73)

 Well-mineralised medullary bone is important for skeleton quality

(Source: Dunn et al., 2021)





Selection for better feed efficiency







- Sufficient feed intake at greatest nutrient demand
- Focus is not only in FCR, but mainly in IOFC
- No special high-density diet Flexible in raw material
- Feed intake according to production



Selection for good eggshell colour Brown Nick – Makes the difference!

Attractive and uniform brown/cream/white shell colour
 Good shell colour until the end of production







Better behaviour

Selection for low mortality, calmness & good feather cover







Adaptability to different environments













Field Test - Performance recording

Birds tested in several continents



Performance Testing: Egg Production ✓ Egg Quality ✓ Livability Plumage Condition ✓ Pecking



Feed Challenge

Comercial Farms – Crossline Testing



Better behaviour

Free-Range Test







End of beak treatment...??





INTERNATIONAL

Selecting for better Beak Shape

Blunt Peak → less injuries



- ✓ Moderate heritability: $h^2 \sim 0.15 0.25$
- ✓ Negative correlation to feather cover: $r_g = -0.2$



Automatic Trap Nest

Floor System





Automatic Trap Nesting

Increase of Saleable <u>Nest</u> Eggs

No more!





Transponder



Laying time



White egg line – 269 Eggs in 269 production days (100%)





Evaluating Nesting Behaviour





Nesting behaviour

Trait	Brown layer	White layer
Oviposition time	8:00	9:45
Stay in Nest with oviposition	30 min	45 min
Stay in nest without oviposition	10 min	28 min

* Switch on the light at 3:00





Nesting behaviour





Traditional Trap Nest in Russia













✓ MD 50k SNP-Array By-product: Pedigree check Higher accuracy in BVs Better use of genetic variation Reduce generation interval **More Genetic Gain**



Genetic Progress Equation





Application of New Technologies

Birds in cage-free environment - Behaviour





Feather Condition Scoring

Automated scoring using Cameras + AI



Farm Score: 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9

Al Score:











7.38

POLITÈCNICA DE VALÈNCIA



0

New Traits - Artificial Intelligence



Automatic data collection Transform data to information: Tracking the animal Activity Behaviour ✓ Fitness

5.







Added Value Proposition - Sustainability of the Egg Industry





Thank you for your attention



H&N International – Making your success the center of our universe



Follow us on LinkedIn H&N International GmbH



Find out more about **KAI farming assistant**